# Tohoku-Kyoto Meeting JLab hypernuclear experiment

Kyoto University Toshiyuki Gogami July 28, 2021



## Done $(7/1\sim)$

- Hall C futures task force meeting (Jul 1)
  - <u>https://hallcweb.jlab.org/wiki/index.php/Hall\_C\_Futures</u>
- Japan-US meeting
  - 7/9, 7/23(, 8/6)
- Core member meetings
  - nnL analysis: 7/13, 7/27
  - Strategy: 7/27(, 8/5)
- JLab Hall A/C Collaboration Meeting (Jul 8—9)
  - <u>https://indico.jlab.org/event/451/</u>
  - A = 3, 4 hypernuclei  $\rightarrow$  5:00 a.m. on July 10 JST
- JLab PAC 49 (Jul 19—23)
  - <u>https://www.jlab.org/physics/PAC</u>
  - E12-19-002  $\rightarrow$  Approval with a rate of A



## Possibility in Hall C



Thank you for the drawings + discussions  $\rightarrow$  Bert, Paul, Steve

#### Evaluations are in progress

- SHMS + HKS
- Vertical HES + vertical HKS
- • •



### Questions

Can HES (HKS) be vertical in terms of structural stability ?
 → Communication with JLab staff

- Can we achieve the goal physics in Hall C?
  - Simulation study (SIMC, Geant4)
    →Resolution, yield, S/N

## Yield per day (Hall C) @ 20 $\mu$ A

Areal density of target =  $100 \text{ mg/cm}^2$ 

Configuration	$\Delta E_{\Lambda}$ (# of events needed for $\Delta B_{\Lambda}^{\text{stat.}} = 20 \text{ keV}$ )	<sup>3</sup> He → <sup>3</sup> <sub>Λ</sub> H 5 nb/sr	$^{12}C \rightarrow ^{12}_{\Lambda}B$ 100 nb/sr	<sup>40</sup> Ca → <sup>40</sup> <sub>Λ</sub> K 10 nb/sr	<sup>208</sup> Pb → <sup>208</sup> ∆Tl 10 nb/sr
SPL+(HES+HKS)	0.5	109 (1 day)	547	16 (7 days)	3.2 (35 days)
PCS+(HES+HKS)	(113)	40 (3 days)	203	6.1 (19 days)	1.2 (94 days)
SHMS+(PCS+HKS)	1.0 (451)	37 (12 days)	186	5.6 (81 days)	1.1 (410 days)

In case of  $\Delta B_{\Lambda}^{\text{stat.}} = 50$  keV: 0.5 MeV FWHM  $\rightarrow$  18 counts 1.0 MeV FWHM  $\rightarrow$  72 counts 

#### S/N について

HES-HKS で行って、HKSに e+e- がないとしHall A と同等のハドロンレート。 HES 計数率 = 2.5 MHz @8uA, 52Cr からスケールして (HES-HKS@20uA) **→** 

- 2.2 (<sup>3</sup>He) MHz
- 3.6 (<sup>40</sup>Ca) MHz
- 55.7 (<sup>208</sup>Pb) MHz



### Hall C possibility

- Feasibility (崩れないか、置けるか)
- Data quality (分解能、収量、S/N → 誤差 vs. 物理)
- Cost (リーズナブルか。誰が払うか)





Available densities calculated by the JLab Target Group *maintaining a compatibility with our experimental setup:* 

Target	Density [/(g/cm³)]	Temperature [/K]	Pressure [/atm]
<sup>3</sup> He	9.5	12 4	
<sup>4</sup> He	13.1		3
<sup>1</sup> H <sub>2</sub>	2.8	30	



#### TAC COMMENT 1:

The authors indicate that a new target system design was developed i n collaboration with the JLab Target Group to accommodate the restricted space at the target pivot and for compatibility with the E12-15-008 experiment. Some existing cryogenic gas handling systems can be utilized with modified operating parameters specific to this application. It is noted a new ladder and motion system (which can be similar to that used for PREX) will need to be built. It was not clear the cost or how much time is needed for these developments. While the authors note a similar effort to that of PREX/CREX is likely, it would be useful to illustrate further details of the setup (e. anticipated power load, conceptual drawings, etc.) and required labor.

- We gave up the high density targets (roughly 10 times larger density than that proposed this year was assumed last year) because of the space limitation.
- To compensate the density reduction, a larger cell is assumed in this proposal;

50 mm  $\rightarrow$  200 mm for He gas targets (4 times thicker target).

In addition, 2 times longer beamtime is requested for <sup>4</sup>He.

- Manpower and cost
  - Designer and scientist 6 months working at about 60% to complete the design of the target.
  - Fabrication of the target will take about 6 months and about \$500K in material and fabrication labor.
  - The installation will be about 6 weeks and require 80% of the target group technical staff, 1 engineer and 2 scientists.
- Heat load  $\leq 25 \text{ W} (\text{gas} + \text{cell})$

9/8—11 WEPH、可能でしたら是非ご参加お願いします (前回: <u>http://physics.daliborskoupil.cz/onlineWS2020/</u>)

PANIC とかぶっている…



散乱電子側の計数率の見積もり 制動放射のみ クロムを使った過去のデータより

He: (190/134. \* 0.01 + 162/134\*0.304) \* 2.5 \* 20./7.3 = 2.2 MHz Ca: (100/134. \* 0.7) \* 2.5 \* 20./7.3 = 3.6 MHz Pb: (100/134. \* 10.9) \* 2.5 \* 20./7.3 = 55.7 MHz